IV

SET OF RESULTS
COMPOSITION OF THE SAMPLE
**Graph 1: Breakdown of responses by geographical origin**

- EU countries: 53%
- SSM countries: 45%
- Other: 3%
- European non-EU*: 2%
- Israel: 7%
- Turkey: 10%
- Mashreq: 30%
- Maghreb: 50%
- EU-Med countries: 57%
- EU non-Med countries: 43%

*Albania, Montenegro, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Monaco.

**Graph 2: Breakdown of respondents by region (in %)**

- Mediterranean EU countries: 29.8%
- Rest of EU (i.e. EU non Mediterranean): 22.8%
- Maghreb: 22.7%
- Mashreq: 13.5%
- Turkey: 4.7%
- Israel: 3.2%
- European non EU (i.e. Balkan countries and Monaco): 0.8%
- Other: 2.5%
Graph 3: Breakdown of respondents by type of institution

- Policy-makers: 23%
- Civil society: 23%
- Experts: 53%
- Other institutions:
  - Academic: 35%
  - NGO: 19%
  - Think tank: 16%
  - Governmental: 11%
  - Diplomatic: 3%
  - EU institution: 3%
  - Company: 3%
  - Media: 2%
  - Other international organisation: 6%
  - Political party: 0.5%
  - Governmental: 11%
  - Diplomatic: 3%
  - EU institution: 3%
  - Company: 3%
  - Media: 2%
  - Other international organisation: 6%
  - Political party: 0.5%

Graph 4: Breakdown of respondents by type of institution

- Academic: 35% (2016: 37.4%)
- NGO: 16.5% (2016: 19.3%)
- Think tank: 13.3% (2016: 16.2%)
- Governmental: 11.1% (2016: 10.3%)
- Other international organisation: 6.2% (2016: 5.7%)
- EU institution: 2.8% (2016: 2.6%)
- Company (Business sector): 3.6% (2016: 3.2%)
- Diplomatic: 3.1% (2016: 4.1%)
- Media: 2.3% (2016: 2.1%)
- Trade union: 0.3% (2016: 0.2%)
- Political party: 0.3% (2016: 0.1%)
Graph 5: Breakdown of respondents by area of specialisation

- Political cooperation and security: 35.5%
- Economic and financial cooperation: 14.1%
- Social, cultural and human exchanges: 33.9%
- Migration and justice affairs: 16.5%

Graph 6: Breakdown of respondents by area of specialisation and by region

- EU countries:
  - Migration and justice affairs: 29%
  - Social, cultural and human exchanges: 20%
  - Economic and financial cooperation: 43%
  - Political cooperation and security: 17%

- Mediterranean Partnership countries (MPC):
  - Migration and justice affairs: 17%
  - Social, cultural and human exchanges: 27%
  - Economic and financial cooperation: 40%
  - Political cooperation and security: 46%

Graph 7: Breakdown of respondents by gender

- Men: 67%
- Women: 33%

Graph 8: Breakdown of respondents by gender and regional groups

- Rest of EU:
  - Men: 61%
  - Women: 39%
- Mediterranean EU:
  - Men: 64%
  - Women: 36%
- European non-EU:
  - Men: 67%
  - Women: 33%
- Maghreb:
  - Men: 69%
  - Women: 31%
- Mashreq:
  - Men: 70%
  - Women: 30%
BLOCK 1

CONTEXT AND DRIVERS OF VIOLENT EXTREMISM
TERRITORIALISING VIOLENT EXTREMISM

Q1. Which of these countries* are likely to become targets or continue being targeted by violent extremism in the upcoming years? Please choose three and rank them.

Which of these countries* are likely to become targets or continue being targeted by violent extremism in the upcoming years? (results show the first choice out of three)

* Respondents had a drop-down menu with the 43 Euro-Mediterranean countries (members of the Union for the Mediterranean) as well as Russia, the US and the Gulf countries, Iran and Iraq.

Which of these countries* are likely to become targets or continue being targeted by violent extremism in the upcoming years? (results show the first choice out of three)

* Respondents had a drop-down menu with the 43 Euro-Mediterranean countries (members of the Union for the Mediterranean) as well as Russia, the US and the Gulf countries, Iran and Iraq.
Q2. In your opinion, which actor(s) (governmental or non-governmental) has (have) a particular responsibility for the surge of violent extremism?

In your opinion, which actor(s) (governmental or non-governmental) has (have) a particular responsibility for the surge of violent extremism?
(categories developed from the open-ended answers)
Q3. In which environments and contexts are recruiters more likely to successfully turn an individual into a violent extremist? Please choose three and rank them.

In which environments and contexts are recruiters more likely to successfully turn an individual into a violent extremist? (results show the first choice out of three)
Q4. To what extent could the following measures contribute to curbing radicalisation processes in prisons?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Measure</th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Isolation of radicalised detainees to avoid contact with the others</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>107</td>
<td>323</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preparation for reintegrating into society</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>218</td>
<td>338</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional training and skills learning during prison (for detainees)</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>203</td>
<td>339</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychological support</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>199</td>
<td>335</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>59%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Religious counselling inside the prison</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>143</td>
<td>325</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Awareness-raising and training of prison personnel</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>215</td>
<td>332</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>345</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)
(**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

To what extent could the following measures contribute to curbing radicalisation processes in prisons?
Q4. To what extent could the following measures contribute to curbing radicalisation processes in prisons?

To what extent could the following measures contribute to curbing radicalisation processes in prisons?
(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

Awareness-raising and training of prison personnel
Preparation for reintegrating into society
Professional training and skills learning during prison (for detainees)
Psychological support
Religious counselling inside the prison
Isolation of radicalised detainees to avoid contact with the others

To what extent could the following measures contribute to curbing radicalisation processes in prisons?
(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

Awareness-raising and training of prison personnel
Preparation for reintegrating into society
Professional training and skills learning during prison (for detainees)
Psychological support
Religious counselling inside the prison
Isolation of radicalised detainees to avoid contact with the others
**DRIVERS**

Q5. Below there are some drivers that provide fertile ground for the development of violent extremism. For each column (country or group of countries) please choose the most significant driver.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drivers providing fertile ground for the development of violent extremism. (％ of the most significant driver in group of countries)</th>
<th>SSM countries</th>
<th>EU countries</th>
<th>Your own country (EU respondents)</th>
<th>Your own country (SSM)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Economic exclusion and limited opportunities</td>
<td>232</td>
<td>121</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>152</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>In the country of residence: political exclusion, discrimination, injustice or repression, Islamophobia</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>374</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>41</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Role and impact of global geopolitics, including perception of political exclusion, discrimination, injustice or repression of certain groups in other countries</td>
<td>219</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>105</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weak state capacity and failing security</td>
<td>215</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Drivers providing fertile ground for the development of violent extremism.

- **Economic exclusion and limited opportunities**: 31% (SSM), 16% (EU), 31% (own country), 45% (own country (SSM))
- **In the country of residence**: 11% (SSM), 50% (EU), 31% (own country), 12% (own country (SSM))
- **Role and impact of global geopolitics**: 29% (SSM), 28% (EU), 27% (own country), 22% (own country (SSM))
- **Weak state capacity and failing security**: 29% (SSM), 6% (EU), 10% (own country), 21% (own country (SSM))
Q5. Below there are some drivers that provide fertile ground for the development of violent extremism.

Drivers providing fertile ground for the development of violent extremism.
(% of the most significant driver in group of countries)

- Weak state capacity and failing security: 21% (Your own country (SSM respondents))
- Role and impact of global geopolitics, including perception of political exclusion, discrimination, injustice or repression of certain groups in other countries: 22% (Your own country (EU respondents))
- In the country of residence: political exclusion, discrimination, injustice or repression, Islamophobia: 31% (Your own country (EU respondents))
- Economic exclusion and limited opportunities: 45% (Your own country (EU respondents))
Q6. In addition to an enabling environment, to what extent can the following elements help to explain why an individual turns to violent extremism? Please choose three and rank them.

In addition to an enabling environment, to what extent can the following elements help to explain why an individual turns to violent extremism? (results show the first choice out of three)
IMPACT OF VIOLENT EXTREMISM
# ON SECURITY AND STABILITY

Q7 a. To what extent do you consider that the following phenomena threaten the stability and security of your own country?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phenomenon</th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Authoritarian trends on the rise</td>
<td>221</td>
<td>123</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>727</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right-wing extremism and Islamophobia on the rise</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>144</td>
<td>221</td>
<td>725</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Violent Islamist extremism</td>
<td>149</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>157</td>
<td>237</td>
<td>729</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)

(**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

To what extent do you consider that the following phenomena threaten the stability and security of your own country?

To what extent do you consider that the following phenomena threaten the stability and security of your own country?

(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

To what extent do you consider that the following phenomena threaten the stability and security of your own country?

(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)
Q7 b. To what extent do you consider that the following phenomena threaten the stability and security of the Euro-Mediterranean countries and societies as a whole?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phenomenon</th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Authoritarian trends on the rise</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>220</td>
<td>286</td>
<td>723</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Right-wing extremism and Islamophobia on the rise</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>189</td>
<td>338</td>
<td>733</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Violent Islamist extremism</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>159</td>
<td>436</td>
<td>729</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)  
(**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

To what extent do you consider that the following phenomena threaten the stability and security of the Euro-Mediterranean countries and societies as a whole?

Authoritarian trends on the rise

- Very low extent: 9%  
- Low extent: 11%  
- Neither low nor high extent: 11%  
- High extent: 30%  
- Very high extent: 40%  
- Don't know: 3%

Right-wing extremism and Islamophobia on the rise

- Very low extent: 9%  
- Low extent: 10%  
- Neither low nor high extent: 9%  
- High extent: 26%  
- Very high extent: 46%  
- Don’t know: 2%

Violent Islamist extremism

- Very low extent: 3%  
- Low extent: 7%  
- Neither low nor high extent: 8%  
- High extent: 22%  
- Very high extent: 60%  
- Don’t know: 2%

To what extent do you consider that the following phenomena threaten the stability and security of the Euro-Mediterranean countries and societies as a whole? (mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

Authoritarian trends on the rise: 6.5
Right-wing extremism and Islamophobia on the rise: 6.7
Violent Islamist extremism: 7.5

To what extent do you consider that the following phenomena threaten the stability and security of the Euro-Mediterranean countries and societies as a whole? (mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

Authoritarian trends on the rise: 6.3
Right-wing extremism and Islamophobia on the rise: 6.7
Violent Islamist extremism: 7.4
Q8. In addition to the harm caused by terrorist attacks as such, to what extent do you consider that the following indirect effects of violent extremism threaten the stability of the Euro-Mediterranean space and your own country?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Effect Description</th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fuels Islamophobic and nationalist discourses (in the Euro-Med region)</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>207</td>
<td>381</td>
<td>736</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuels Islamophobic and nationalist discourses (in your own country)</td>
<td>144</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>174</td>
<td>224</td>
<td>727</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuels sectarian tensions, in particular Sunni-Shia (in the Euro-Med region)</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>180</td>
<td>275</td>
<td>703</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fuels sectarian tensions, in particular Sunni-Shia (in your own country)</td>
<td>60%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legitimates authoritarian regimes (in the Euro-Med region)</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>187</td>
<td>320</td>
<td>715</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Legitimates authoritarian regimes (in your own country)</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>109</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>717</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Undermines cohesion in culturally diverse societies (in the Euro-Med region)</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>178</td>
<td>392</td>
<td>714</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Undermines cohesion in culturally diverse societies (in your own country)</td>
<td>157</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>251</td>
<td>714</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)
(/**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

In addition to the harm caused by terrorist attacks as such, to what extent do you consider that the following indirect effects of violent extremism threaten the stability of the Euro-Mediterranean space and your own country?
Q8. In addition to the harm caused by terrorist attacks as such, to what extent do you consider that the following indirect effects of violent extremism threaten the stability of the Euro-Mediterranean space and your own country?

In addition to the harm caused by terrorist attacks as such, to what extent do you consider that the following indirect effects of violent extremism threaten the stability of the Euro-Mediterranean space and your own country?
(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

- Fuels sectarian tensions, in particular Sunni-Shia
  - (in your own country)
  - (in the Euro-Med region)
  - Mean: 2.7
  - Mean: 6.2

- Legitimates authoritarian regimes
  - (in your own country)
  - (in the Euro-Med region)
  - Mean: 4.3
  - Mean: 6.6

- Undermines cohesion in culturally diverse societies
  - (in your own country)
  - (in the Euro-Med region)
  - Mean: 5.6
  - Mean: 7.3

- Fuels Islamophobic and nationalist discourses
  - (in your own country)
  - (in the Euro-Med region)
  - Mean: 5.5
  - Mean: 7.2

In addition to the harm caused by terrorist attacks as such, to what extent do you consider that the following indirect effects of violent extremism threaten the stability of the Euro-Mediterranean space and your own country?
(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

- Fuels sectarian tensions, in particular Sunni-Shia
  - (in your own country)
  - (in the Euro-Med region)
  - Mean: 3.1
  - Mean: 5.6
  - Mean: 6.7

- Legitimates authoritarian regimes
  - (in your own country)
  - (in the Euro-Med region)
  - Mean: 3.2
  - Mean: 5.6
  - Mean: 6.2

- Undermines cohesion in culturally diverse societies
  - (in your own country)
  - (in the Euro-Med region)
  - Mean: 5.5
  - Mean: 6.9
  - Mean: 7.3

- Fuels Islamophobic and nationalist discourses
  - (in your own country)
  - (in the Euro-Med region)
  - Mean: 4.7
  - Mean: 7.3
  - Mean: 7.3

SSM respondents | EU respondents
Q9. In your opinion, which terrorist attack(s) do you consider the most harmful to the stability of the Euro-Mediterranean region as a whole over the last few years? (categories developed from the open-ended answers)
Q9. In your opinion, which terrorist attack(s) do you consider the most harmful to the stability of the Euro-Mediterranean region as a whole over the last few years?

In your opinion, which terrorist attack(s) do you consider the most harmful to the stability of the Euro-Mediterranean region as a whole over the last few years?
(categories developed from the open-ended answers)
Q10. Regarding specific terrorist groups: Do you agree that Daesh is likely to be completely defeated soon?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Totally disagree</th>
<th>Disagree</th>
<th>Neither agree nor disagree</th>
<th>Agree</th>
<th>Totally agree</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All survey</td>
<td>141</td>
<td>154</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>136</td>
<td>154</td>
<td>679</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU countries</td>
<td>88</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>356</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>392</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSM countries</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>305</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)

(**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

Regarding specific terrorist groups: Do you agree that Daesh is likely to be completely defeated soon?

(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>0%</th>
<th>25%</th>
<th>50%</th>
<th>75%</th>
<th>100%</th>
<th>Don't know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All survey</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU countries</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSM countries</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Regarding specific terrorist groups: Do you agree that Daesh is likely to be completely defeated soon?

(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)
Q10 b. Do you agree that defeating or weakening Daesh will be a major contribution to the eradication of the violent extremism threat in the Euro-Mediterranean region?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Totally disagree</th>
<th>Disagree</th>
<th>Neither agree nor disagree</th>
<th>Agree</th>
<th>Totally agree</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All survey</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>147</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>190</td>
<td>171</td>
<td>715</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU countries</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>77</td>
<td>375</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>392</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSM countries</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>321</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>335</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)

(**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

Do you agree that defeating or weakening Daesh will be a major contribution to the eradication of violent extremism threat in the Euro-Mediterranean region?

(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

All survey

- 15% Totally disagree
- 21% Disagree
- 14% Neither agree nor disagree
- 27% Agree
- 24% Totally agree
- 4% Don’t know

EU countries

- 14% Totally disagree
- 22% Disagree
- 13% Neither agree nor disagree
- 30% Agree
- 21% Totally agree
- 4% Don’t know

SSM countries

- 15% Totally disagree
- 19% Disagree
- 16% Neither agree nor disagree
- 23% Agree
- 28% Totally agree
- 4% Don’t know

Do you agree that defeating or weakening Daesh will be a major contribution to the eradication of violent extremism threat in the Euro-Mediterranean region?

(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

All survey

- 5.4

EU countries

- 5.4

SSM countries

- 5.5
Q10. In a “post-Daesh” scenario, which terrorist group(s) could become a major threat in the Euro-Mediterranean region?

(categories developed from the open-ended answers)

- Al-Qaeda: 45%
- New form of jihadism: 8%
- Al-Qaeda in the Islamic Maghreb (AQIM): 10%
- Isolated (Daesh inspired) groups: 8%
- Extrem right/xenophobic groups: 8%
- Boko Haram: 7%
- Al-Nusra: 7%
- Ansar al-Sharia: 4%
- Ansar Bayt al Maqdis: 2%
- Extrem right/xenophobic groups: 8%
DEALING WITH FOREIGN TERRORIST FIGHTERS

Q11. Do you agree that foreign terrorist fighters (as defined in the United Nations Security Council 2178 resolution) represent the biggest threat to violent extremism?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Totally disagree</th>
<th>Disagree</th>
<th>Neither agree nor disagree</th>
<th>Agree</th>
<th>Totally agree</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All survey</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>117</td>
<td>199</td>
<td>223</td>
<td>698</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>749</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU countries</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>98</td>
<td>368</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>392</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSM countries</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>92</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>308</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)
(**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

Do you agree that foreign terrorist fighters (as defined in the United Nations Security Council 2178 resolution) represent the biggest threat to violent extremism?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Totally disagree</th>
<th>Disagree</th>
<th>Neither agree nor disagree</th>
<th>Agree</th>
<th>Totally agree</th>
<th>Don’t know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All survey</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>29%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU countries</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSM countries</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>38%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Do you agree that foreign terrorist fighters (as defined in the United Nations Security Council 2178 resolution) represent the biggest threat to violent extremism?

(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)
Q11 b. What should be the priority when it comes to dealing with foreign terrorist fighters (as defined in the United Nations Security Council 2178 resolution)?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Better deal with crimes committed by foreign terrorist fighters in countries of destination</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>93</td>
<td>194</td>
<td>287</td>
<td>684</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Develop reintegration programmes for foreign terrorist fighters upon their return</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>326</td>
<td>713</td>
<td>33</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further efforts by the country of origin to prevent them from leaving</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>168</td>
<td>393</td>
<td>721</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improve cooperation between countries (including information sharing)</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>587</td>
<td>721</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improve the repressive response for foreign terrorist fighters upon return to the country of origin</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>237</td>
<td>697</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prevent foreign terrorist fighters from returning (revocation of citizenship or exclusion orders)</td>
<td>229</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>108</td>
<td>182</td>
<td>681</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)
(2) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Option</th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Don’t know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Better deal with crimes committed by foreign terrorist fighters in countries of destination</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>42%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Develop reintegration programmes for foreign terrorist fighters upon their return</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Further efforts by the country of origin to prevent them from leaving</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improve cooperation between countries (including information sharing)</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>81%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improve the repressive response for foreign terrorist fighters upon return to the country of origin</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prevent foreign terrorist fighters from returning (revocation of citizenship or exclusion orders)</td>
<td>34%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

What should be the priority when it comes to dealing with foreign terrorist fighters (as defined in the United Nations Security Council 2178 resolution)?

- Better deal with crimes committed by foreign terrorist fighters in countries of destination
- Develop reintegration programmes for foreign terrorist fighters upon their return
- Further efforts by the country of origin to prevent them from leaving
- Improve cooperation between countries (including information sharing)
- Improve the repressive response for foreign terrorist fighters upon return to the country of origin
- Prevent foreign terrorist fighters from returning (revocation of citizenship or exclusion orders)
Q11 b. What should be the priority when it comes to dealing with foreign terrorist fighters (as defined in the United Nations Security Council 2178 resolution)?

What should be the priority when it comes to dealing with foreign terrorist fighters (as defined in the United Nations Security Council 2178 resolution)?
(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

- Improve cooperation between countries (including information sharing)
- Further efforts by the country of origin to prevent them from leaving
- Better deal with crimes committed by foreign terrorist fighters in countries of destination
- Develop reintegration programmes for foreign terrorist fighters upon their return
- Improve the repressive response for foreign terrorist fighters upon return to the country of origin
- Prevent foreign terrorist fighters from returning (revocation of citizenship or exclusion orders)
- Better deal with crimes committed by foreign terrorist fighters in countries of destination
- Further efforts by the country of origin to prevent them from leaving
- Develop reintegration programmes for foreign terrorist fighters upon their return
- Improve the repressive response for foreign terrorist fighters upon return to the country of origin
- Prevent foreign terrorist fighters from returning (revocation of citizenship or exclusion orders)
BLOCK 3

CONFRONTING VIOLENT EXTREMISM
**GENERAL**

Q12. To what extent do you consider that the overall efforts deployed so far in confronting violent extremism in your own country are effective?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All survey</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>228</td>
<td>235</td>
<td>711</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU countries</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>368</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>392</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSM countries</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>130</td>
<td>324</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>335</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)

(**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

To what extent do you consider that the overall efforts deployed so far in confronting violent extremism in your own country are effective?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Don't know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>All survey</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EU countries</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SSM countries</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

To what extent do you consider that the overall efforts deployed so far in confronting violent extremism in your own country are effective?

(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)
Q13. What should be the main priorities in order to effectively counter violent extremism in the Euro-Mediterranean region? Please choose four and rank them.

What should be the main priorities in order to effectively counter violent extremism in the Euro-Mediterranean region? (results show the first choice out of four)
Q13. What should be the main priorities in order to effectively counter violent extremism in the Euro-Mediterranean region? Please choose four and rank them.

What should be the main priorities in order to effectively counter violent extremism in the Euro-Mediterranean region? (results show the first choice out of four)

- **Addressing economic and social root causes (unemployment, inequalities)**: 25.4% (SSM respondents) vs 32.1% (EU respondents)
- **Promoting good governance, democracy and human rights**: 16.7% (SSM respondents) vs 10.2% (EU respondents)
- **Solving unresolved conflicts**: 9.3% (SSM respondents) vs 12.5% (EU respondents)
- **Better information sharing of intelligence between Euro-Mediterranean countries**: 6.3% (SSM respondents) vs 7.9% (EU respondents)
- **Combating the spread of hate speech, promotion of violence and dissemination of terrorist propaganda online**: 9.9% (SSM respondents) vs 9.3% (EU respondents)
- **Proposing alternative narratives to propaganda developed by violent extremist groups**: 3.3% (SSM respondents) vs 4.6% (EU respondents)
- **Military response against terrorist groups**: 2.4% (SSM respondents) vs 2.8% (EU respondents)
- **Risk assessments and development of risk indicators**: 2.8% (SSM respondents) vs 3.6% (EU respondents)
- **Engaging communities: local initiatives can generate a climate of trust and enhance cooperation on the ground**: 4.2% (SSM respondents) vs 7.4% (EU respondents)
- **Increasing the number of law enforcement members in order to monitor the whereabouts of suspected individuals**: 1.8% (SSM respondents) vs 2% (EU respondents)
- **Maintaining state of emergency in countries at risk**: 0.6% (SSM respondents) vs 0.8% (EU respondents)
- **Increasing border control**: 2.4% (SSM respondents) vs 2.8% (EU respondents)
- **Fighting Islamophobia**: 1.5% (SSM respondents) vs 4.8% (EU respondents)
- **Facilitating information circulation between security/intelligence services and local authorities/religious communities**: 2.7% (SSM respondents) vs 2% (EU respondents)
### Multilateral and Regional

Q14. The need to address the rise of violent extremism at the multilateral level has been acknowledged and has materialised in a number of initiatives. To what extent should the primary concern of multilateral initiatives be to:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exchange best practices among experts</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>201</td>
<td>402</td>
<td>730</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Focus on the development agenda</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>158</td>
<td>452</td>
<td>721</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Focus on the security/counter-terrorism agenda</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>71</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>336</td>
<td>729</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promote and fund capacity-building initiatives targeting national authorities</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>69</td>
<td>200</td>
<td>372</td>
<td>711</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promote and fund projects targeting communities and civil society and local actors</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>460</td>
<td>728</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set up parameters of action (offering a framework for national and regional action plans)</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>205</td>
<td>326</td>
<td>708</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)

(**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

---

The need to address the rise of violent extremism at the multilateral level has been acknowledged and has materialised in a number of initiatives. To what extent should the primary concern of multilateral initiatives be to:

- Exchange best practices among experts
- Focus on the development agenda
- Focus on the security/counter-terrorism agenda
- Promote and fund capacity-building initiatives targeting national authorities
- Promote and fund projects targeting communities and civil society and local actors
- Set up parameters of action (offering a framework for national and regional action plans)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Area</th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Don't know</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Exchange best practices among experts</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Focus on the development agenda</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>63%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Focus on the security/counter-terrorism agenda</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promote and fund capacity-building initiatives targeting national authorities</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>52%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promote and fund projects targeting communities and civil society and local actors</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>63%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set up parameters of action (offering a framework for national and regional action plans)</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>28%</td>
<td>45%</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The need to address the rise of violent extremism at the multilateral level has been acknowledged and has materialised in a number of initiatives. To what extent should the primary concern of multilateral initiatives be to:

(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

- Promote and fund projects targeting communities and civil society and local actors: 7.7
- Focus on the development agenda: 7.7
- Exchange best practices among experts: 7.4
- Promote and fund capacity-building initiatives targeting national authorities: 7.3
- Focus on the security/counter-terrorism agenda: 6.9
- Set up parameters of action (offering a framework for national and regional action plans): 6.9

The need to address the rise of violent extremism at the multilateral level has been acknowledged and has materialised in a number of initiatives. To what extent should the primary concern of multilateral initiatives be to:

(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

- Promote and fund projects targeting communities and civil society and local actors: 7.8
- Focus on the development agenda: 7.4
- Exchange best practices among experts: 7.4
- Promote and fund capacity-building initiatives targeting national authorities: 7.5
- Focus on the security/counter-terrorism agenda: 6.9
- Set up parameters of action (offering a framework for national and regional action plans): 6.8
Q15. Do you agree with the following statements regarding Euro-Mediterranean cooperation?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement</th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cooperation should remain mostly bilateral, focus on the security angle and therefore primarily involve security and intelligence agencies</td>
<td>264</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>117</td>
<td>104</td>
<td>724</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>21%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cooperation between civil society organizations working on the Prevention of Violent Extremism in the Euro-Mediterranean area should be reinforced</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>158</td>
<td>472</td>
<td>734</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>64%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Euro-Mediterranean regional cooperation fora to address violent extremism and exchange best practices are missing</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>72</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>363</td>
<td>691</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>53%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Union for the Mediterranean could play a role in this regard</td>
<td>102</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>82</td>
<td>164</td>
<td>280</td>
<td>693</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>There is a deficit of cooperation between security agencies of Mediterranean northern and southern countries</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>139</td>
<td>317</td>
<td>633</td>
<td>113</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)
(**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

---

Do you agree with the following statements regarding Euro-Mediterranean cooperation?

- **Cooperation should remain mostly bilateral, focus on the security angle and therefore primarily involve security and intelligence agencies:**
  - Total disagree: 36%
  - Neither agree nor disagree: 21%
  - Agree: 14%
  - Don’t know: 3%

- **Cooperation between civil society organizations working on the Prevention of Violent Extremism in the Euro-Mediterranean area should be reinforced:**
  - Total disagree: 5%
  - Neither agree nor disagree: 22%
  - Agree: 64%
  - Don’t know: 2%

- **Euro-Mediterranean regional cooperation fora to address violent extremism and exchange best practices are missing:**
  - Total disagree: 9%
  - Neither agree nor disagree: 10%
  - Agree: 53%
  - Don’t know: 7%

- **The Union for the Mediterranean could play a role in this regard:**
  - Total disagree: 15%
  - Neither agree nor disagree: 9%
  - Agree: 40%
  - Don’t know: 7%

- **There is a deficit of cooperation between security agencies of Mediterranean northern and southern countries:**
  - Total disagree: 8%
  - Neither agree nor disagree: 9%
  - Agree: 50%
  - Don’t know: 15%
Q15. Do you agree with the following statements regarding Euro-Mediterranean cooperation?

Do you agree with the following statements regarding Euro-Mediterranean cooperation?
(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

[Bar chart showing responses for different statements related to Euro-Mediterranean cooperation]

Cooperation should remain mostly bilateral, focus on the security angle and therefore primarily involve security and intelligence agencies

The Union for the Mediterranean could play a role in this regard

Euro-Mediterranean regional cooperation fora to address violent extremism and exchange best practices are missing

There is a deficit of cooperation between security agencies of Mediterranean northern and southern countries

Cooperation between civil society organizations working on the Prevention of Violent Extremism in the Euro-Mediterranean area should be reinforced

Cooperation between civil society organizations working on the Prevention of Violent Extremism in the Euro-Mediterranean area should be reinforced
### EUROPEAN UNION

**Q16. What should the EU and its member states focus on as a matter of priority? Please choose three and rank them.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Issue</th>
<th>All survey</th>
<th>EU countries</th>
<th>SSM countries</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Contributing to solving conflicts outside the EU that provide fertile ground for violent extremism</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>96</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>22%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contributing to strengthening security capacities of non-EU countries</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Countering discrimination, including on the grounds of religion or belief, race or ethnic origin</td>
<td>185</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Countering terrorist propaganda and hate speech online</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deradicalisation, disengagement and reintegration strategies</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Focusing on targeted preventive measures</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Promoting inclusive education and EU common values</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Security-focused measures within the European Union</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supporting good governance in non-EU countries in order to address underlying factors of radicalisation</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>13%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Q16. What should the EU and its member states focus on as a matter of priority? Please choose three and rank them.

What should the EU and its member states focus on as a matter of priority?
(results show the first choice out of three)
Q17. With these strands in mind, to what extent are the following EU frameworks effective?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Framework</th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cooperation with IT and social media companies in tracking terrorist-related content online</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>97</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>232</td>
<td>620</td>
<td>126</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European Neighbourhood Partnership (ENP)</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>99</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>210</td>
<td>652</td>
<td>94</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>13%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Radicalisation Awareness Network (RAN)</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>63</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>155</td>
<td>212</td>
<td>572</td>
<td>174</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>27%</td>
<td>37%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The EU Counter-Terrorism Coordinator</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>103</td>
<td>145</td>
<td>225</td>
<td>580</td>
<td>166</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)
(**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

With these strands in mind, to what extent are the following EU frameworks effective?

- **Cooperation with IT and social media companies in tracking terrorist-related content online**: 17%
- **European Neighbourhood Partnership (ENP)**: 13%
- **Radicalisation Awareness Network (RAN)**: 23%
- **The EU Counter-Terrorism Coordinator**: 22%
Q17. With these strands in mind, to what extent are the following EU frameworks effective?

With these strands in mind, to what extent are the following EU frameworks effective?
(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)

- Cooperation with IT and social media companies in tracking terrorist-related content online
- The EU Counter-Terrorism Coordinator
- Radicalisation Awareness Network (RAN)
- European Neighbourhood Partnership (ENP)
Q18. On the counter-terrorism front, the European Union has reinforced its internal and external action lines over the last few years with a series of initiatives. Some of the internal lines of action are mentioned below. In your opinion, to what extent are they relevant?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Initiative</th>
<th>Very low extent</th>
<th>Low extent</th>
<th>Neither low nor high extent</th>
<th>High extent</th>
<th>Very high extent</th>
<th>Total*</th>
<th>Dkn</th>
<th>Total**</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Directive on combating terrorism</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>73</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>211</td>
<td>188</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>146</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>European Counter Terrorism Centre</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Passenger Name Record (PNR) directive</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>87</td>
<td>195</td>
<td>213</td>
<td>584</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reinforced checks in the Schengen context</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Strengthen the fight against terrorist financing</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>79</td>
<td>84</td>
<td>195</td>
<td>184</td>
<td>585</td>
<td>161</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>22%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>80</td>
<td>106</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>194</td>
<td>197</td>
<td>657</td>
<td>89</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>16%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>12%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>18</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>57</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>415</td>
<td>661</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>746</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>20%</td>
<td>63%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(*) Total number of answers expressing a particular assessment or opinion (i.e. excluding “Don’t know” answers)
(**) Total number of respondents including “Don’t know” answers

On the counter-terrorism front, the European Union has reinforced its internal and external action lines over the last few years with a series of initiatives. Some of the internal lines of action are mentioned below. In your opinion, to what extent are they relevant?
Q18. On the counter-terrorism front, the European Union has reinforced its internal and external action lines over the last few years with a series of initiatives. Some of the internal lines of action are mentioned below. In your opinion, to what extent are they relevant?

On the counter-terrorism front, the European Union has reinforced its internal and external action lines over the last few years with a series of initiatives. Some of the internal lines of action are mentioned below. In your opinion, to what extent are they relevant?

(mean 0-very low extent, 10-very high extent)