Results of Question B.2.
To what extent will the following scenarios be affected by the Syrian Conflict?

**Results of all respondents**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scenario</th>
<th>Very Low to Extent</th>
<th>Neither Low nor High</th>
<th>High or Very High Extent</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I. Sectarian conflicts will increase</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>II. Iranian leverage in the region will increase</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III. The Gulf’s leverage in the region will increase</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV. The region will be increasingly fragmented as a consequence of the Syrian conflict</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V. Spread of radicalism and terrorism</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VI. Refugee and migration flows in the region will increase</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VII. Changes in the Nation-State model: fragmentation into ethno-religious constituencies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MAP A.2a | Israeli Settlements in the West Bank (2000-2012)

**Settlements by population**
- Less than 500
- From 500 to 1,000
- From 1,000 to 2,000
- From 2,000 to 5,000
- From 5,000 to 10,000
- From 10,000 to 20,000
- From 20,000 to 40,000
- More than 40,000
- Outposts

**Construction of New Homes in the Settlements (1997-2012)**

- **Buildings begun**
  - 0
  - 500
  - 1,000
  - 1,500
  - 2,000
  - 2,500
  - 3,000
  - 3,500
  - 4,000
  - 4,500
  - 5,000

- **Year**
  - 1997
  - 1998
  - 1999
  - 2000
  - 2001
  - 2002
  - 2003
  - 2004
  - 2005
  - 2006
  - 2007
  - 2008
  - 2009
  - 2010
  - 2011
  - 2012

*Data until 2005 include Gaza Strip

Appendices

Maps

IE Med. Mediterranean Yearbook 2014

MAP A.2b | Israeli Settlements in the West Bank (2000-2012)

**Population in West Bank**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Palestinians</td>
<td>1,610,207</td>
<td>2,252,310</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settlers</td>
<td>192,976</td>
<td>344,779</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Population in East Jerusalem**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>2000</th>
<th>2012</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Palestinians</td>
<td>333,451</td>
<td>382,041</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Settlers</td>
<td>172,248</td>
<td>198,629</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

MAP A.3 | 5th Euromed Survey of Experts and Actors. Prospects of Democracy

Prospects of Democracy

Question B4. Please arrange the following countries according to their likelihood of having better prospects for the consolidation of a democratic regime.

Better prospects

Worse prospects

Question B1. In your opinion, how much have the following elements improved or deteriorated in the last three years?

- Rule of law and good governance
- Independence of the judiciary
- Civilian-military relations
- Level of corruption
- Economic perspective of the region
- Living standards of citizens
- Status of women
- Recognition of minorities
- Freedom of expression and press

MAP A.4 | Gross Domestic Product Growth (2012)

GDP Growth in 2012 (%)
- Less than -5%
- From -5% to -3%
- From -3% to -2%
- From -2% to -1%
- From -1% to 0%
- Data unavailable

Annual Percentage Growth Rate of GDP (2002-2012)
- More than 4%
- From 3% to 4%
- From 2% to 3%
- From 1% to 2%
- From 0% to 1%
- Data unavailable

Own production. Source: WB.
MAP A.5 Mining Production in the Mediterranean (2011)

MAP A.6 | CO₂ Emissions in the Mediterranean (2011)

**CO₂ Emissions (millions mt) (2011)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>CO₂ Emissions (millions mt)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Portugal</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>575</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malta</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Slovenia</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Croatia</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bosnia and Herzegovina</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Serbia</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Montenegro</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FYROM</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albania</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Greece</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cyprus</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Syria</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lebanon</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jordan</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Israel</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Egypt</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Libya</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tunisia</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Algeria</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Morocco</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**CO₂ Emissions per capita (2011)**

- More than 8 mt
- From 7 to 8 mt
- From 6 to 7 mt
- From 5 to 6 mt
- From 4 to 5 mt
- From 3 to 4 mt
- Less than 2 mt
- Data unavailable

**CO₂ Emissions by Sector**

- Industry
- Residential
- Transport
- Other

**CO₂ Emissions by Fuel of Origin**

- Coal/peat
- Oil
- Gas

*Own production. Source: IEA.*
MAP A.7 | Women Labour Force Participation Rate (2012)

Women Labour Force Participation Rate
- More than 55%
- From 30% to 40%
- From 50% to 55%
- From 20% to 30%
- From 40% to 50%
- Less than 20%

Labour Force Participation Rate by Sex and Age Group

Youth and Labour Market (2012)

Youth Unemployment Rate

- More than 50%
- From 40% to 50%
- From 30% to 40%
- From 25% to 30%
- From 20% to 25%
- From 15% to 20%
- Less than 15%

Youth Unemployment Rate (by sex)

- Male
- Female

Youth population (15-24) in Mediterranean countries

- MEN (39,612,264) Unemployed (4,354,743) Employed (13,683,853) Inactive population (21,573,668)
- WOMEN (38,168,762) Unemployed (3,195,863) Employed (5,571,417) Inactive population (29,401,481)

Egypt
Morocco
Algeria
Other North African Countries
Syria
Turkey
Italy
France
Spain
Balkans
Other Middle East Mediterranean Countries
Other EU Mediterranean Countries

Life Expectancy at Different Ages*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age Range</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 70 years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 70 to 72.5 years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 75 to 77.5 years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 77.5 to 80 years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 80 to 82.5 years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 82.5 to 85 years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 85 years</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* In order to facilitate the visual comparison of the data, the equivalent age has been added to each corresponding indicator. For instance, for life expectancy at age 10, we have added value 10 to compare the data with life expectancy at birth.
Appendices
Maps
IEMed. Mediterranean Yearbook 2014

MAP A.10 | Cinema

Total Number of National Feature Films Produced

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Data</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 5</td>
<td>Data unavailable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 5 to 10</td>
<td>From 10 to 25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 25 to 50</td>
<td>From 50 to 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 200</td>
<td>Own production. Source: UNESCO.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Screens and Attendance Frequency

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Screens (per 100,000 inhabitants)</th>
<th>Attendance frequency (per capita)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Less than 5</td>
<td>Data unavailable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 5 to 10</td>
<td>From 10 to 25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>From 25 to 50</td>
<td>From 50 to 100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 200</td>
<td>Own production. Source: UNESCO.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
MAP A.12 | Freedom in the Mediterranean

Freedom Rating 2014 (1=Best; 7=Worst)

Own production. Source: Freedom House.
### Maps

#### Oil

**Oil Proved Reserves**

- **World Total**: 1,687.9 thousand million barrels

**Oil Reserves and Production in Mediterranean Countries**

- **Italy**: 22.8
- **Syria**: 12.2
- **Algeria**: 0.4
- **Libya**: 39.1
- **Tunisia**: 0.4

**Oil Production in Mediterranean Countries (2003-13)**

- **Italy**: 4.5
- **Syria**: 0.6
- **Algeria**: 1.3
- **Libya**: 2.0
- **Tunisia**: 0.3

#### Natural Gas

**Natural Gas Proved Reserves**

- **World Total**: 185.7 trillion cubic meters

**Natural Gas Production in Mediterranean Countries (2003-13)**

- **Italy**: 0.3
- **Syria**: 0.1
- **Algeria**: 1.5
- **Libya**: 2.0
- **Tunisia**: 0.3

- **Source**: BP Statistical Review of World Energy June 2014, bp.com/statisticalreview
International Tourism, Receipts (2012). In million US$:

- More than 55%
- From 45 to 55%
- From 25 to 35%
- From 15 to 25%
- Less than 15%
- Data not available

International Tourism, number of arrivals:

World 1,076.62 millions
Mediterranean countries 28%

International Tourism, Receipts per arrival (2012):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Arrivals (million)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>France</td>
<td>83.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>66.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>China</td>
<td>57.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>57.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Italy</td>
<td>47.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>35.7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

International Tourism in Mediterranean Countries, Receipts (1995-2012):

Own production. Source: WB and UNWTO.
MAP A. 15 | Civil War in Syria. Situation in July 2014

UN estimates that at least 93,000 people were killed in the Syrian conflict until June 2013. Other Sources estimate the casualties of the conflict until now as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source</th>
<th>Casualties</th>
<th>Time period</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Next Century Foundation</td>
<td>108,871</td>
<td>01/07/12 - 31/05/14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Syrian Observatory for Human Rights</td>
<td>171,509</td>
<td>15/03/11 - 08/07/14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Center for Documentation of Violations</td>
<td>115,022</td>
<td>15/03/11 - 10/07/14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Evolution of Registered Syrian Refugees since December

Distribution of Syrian Refugees by Country

MAP A.16 | International Migrant Stock from South and East Mediterranean Countries (SEMC)

**MAP A.17 | Fertility Rates in Mediterranean Countries**

TFR of Mediterranean countries compared to the world average:
- Above the world average:
  - More than 1.5
  - From 1.5 to 1
  - From 1 to 0.5
  - Less than 0.5
- Below the world average:
  - Less than 0.5
  - From 0.5 to 1
  - More than 1

TFR of Mediterranean countries in 1960 and 2012:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Births per Woman</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1960</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**MAP A.18 | Maritime Transport**

Liner shipping connectivity index (2012):
- More than 70
- From 50 to 70
- From 30 to 50
- Less than 5
- Data unavailable

Container port throughput 2012:
- 1,000,000 TEU
- 750,000 TEU
- 2,000,000 TEU
- 100,000 TEU

Merchant fleet by flag of registration 2012:
- 1,000 ships
- 100 ships
- 10 ships

Own Production. Source: WB.